

Transforming the heat pump market with energy efficiency standards

Terry Collins, Manager Products Programme, January 2011



Overview

- Heat pumps have been a success in New Zealand in terms of both sales and efficiency improvements
- An effective standards-based regulation programme is crucial to achieve on-going efficiency improvements
- However, getting the best results requires more than just regulation – consumers have to understand and be motivated.



What is EECA?

- New Zealand government agency
- Government energy priorities:
 - Stimulate economic growth
 - Develop energy resources
 - Security and affordable energy
 - Efficient use
 - Environmental responsibility
- Supports energy efficiency, energy conservation and renewable energy across the economy (residential, business, industry, public sector)
- Our tools: information, incentives, partnerships, influence and judicious regulation
- 100+ staff (3 offices)

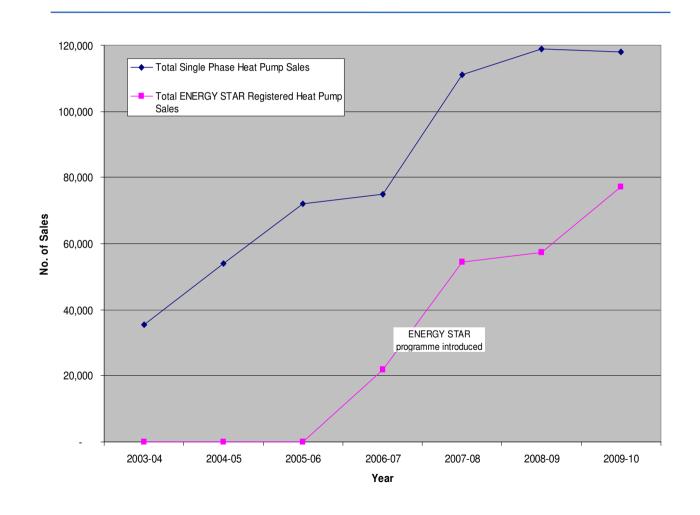


Heat pump interventions

- Overview of heat pump sales and performance
- 2. Regulation: MEPS and labelling
- 3. Information: Energy Star
- 4. Funding
- 5. Information



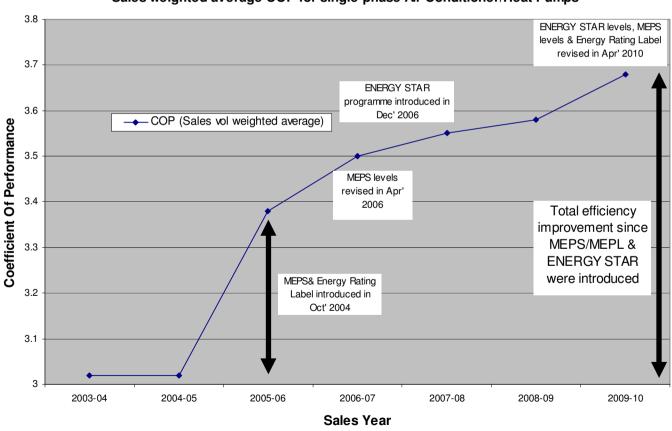
Heat pump sales in New Zealand





Performance of Heat pumps in New Zealand

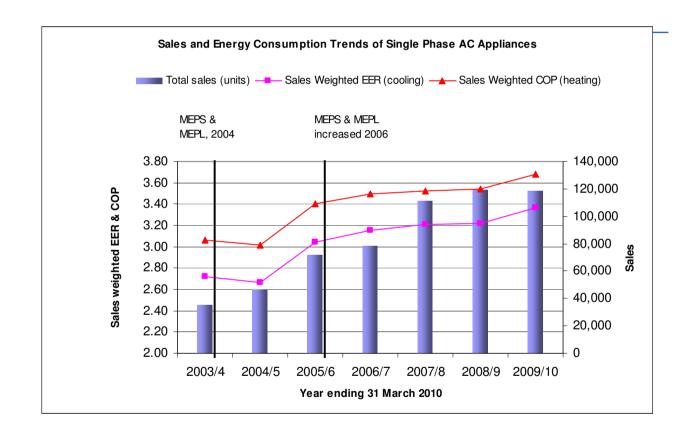
Sales weighted average COP for single-phase Air Conditioner/Heat Pumps



COP (Coefficient of Performance): The ratio of the heat energy supplied Vs the power input . This is expressed in kW/kW, which is a dimensionless ratio



Heat pump success





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Equipment Energy Efficiency Program (E3)

- Joint Australia and New Zealand programme
- Develops energy efficiency measures for a range of residential, commercial, and industrial products
- E3 tools: Minimum energy performances standards (MEPS) and mandatory labelling
- Benefits of international harmonisation: lower costs, reduces risk of trade barriers



Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS)

- Removes the least efficient products from the market
- Standards are tightened over time
- Results in continued improvements in product performance and efficiency







Products in the MEPS programme

Currently Regulated

- Water heaters Electric
- Refrigerators/Freezers (Domestic & Commercial)
- Air conditioner/Heat Pumps
- Lighting fluorescent lamps & ballasts
- Distribution transformers
- 3-Phase electric motors

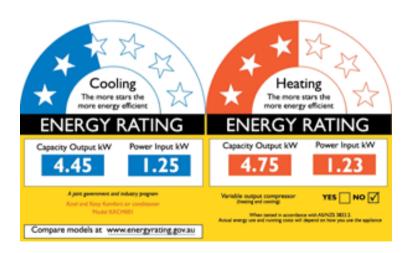
Scheduled for Regulation 2011

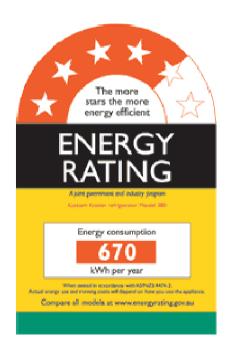
- Commercial chillers & computer/server room A/Cs
- Water heaters Solar, Gas& Heat-pump
- Home Entertainments (TVs, Computers, Monitors, Set-top Boxes)
- External Power Supplies
- 1W Standby
- Gas Room & ducted heaters
- Lighting compact fluorescent



Labelling (MEPL)

- Mandatory programme
- All products included must display an Energy Rating Label
- Compliance monitoring required to maintain confidence







Products in the MEPL programme

Currently Regulated

- Refrigerators/Freezers (Domestic)
- Air conditioners
- Whiteware (washing machines, dishwashers, clothes dryers)
- Cars (VFEL)

Considered for Regulation

- Home Entertainment (TVs)
- Gas Water Heaters
- Gas Room Heaters



MEPS and labelling - results

- Savings of 706 GWh (2.5 PJ) in the year ended in March 2010 (\$157m)
- Cumulative savings of 2,397 GWh (8.6 PJ.) (\$530 m)
- Cost benefit ratio of 1:53.5.
- New and revised Standards are forecast to contribute an additional 38.4 PJ over the next 10 years. (\$1.7b)



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ENERGY STAR

The global mark of energy efficiency



- ENERGY STAR is a voluntary endorsement programme for the top 25% most energy efficient products.
- Manufacturers and retailers can use the brand to help promote or sell their most efficient products.
- EECA is licensed to run ENERGY STAR in New Zealand by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The programme covers:
 - heat pumps
 - whiteware (fridge/freezers, washing machines, dishwashers)
 - home electronics (TVs, audio/video, set-top boxes)
 - office equipment (computers, imaging equipment)
 - solar water heating systems
 - compact fluorescent lamps (CFLs).



ENERGY STAR marketing

- General awareness campaign
- Joint promotional activities with retailers
- Google online campaign
- In-store point of sale information
- Education of retail staff
- Using ENERGY STAR as a requirement for Government funding (clean heat, solar water heating)
- The Energy Spot Campaign









ENERGY STAR partnerships

- Partnerships with manufacturers and retailers essential to ensure their support and use of the brand.
- Retailers a key channel for reaching end consumers

In 2010/2011, ENERGY STAR partners will spend \$2.50 for every \$1 EECA spends on marketing





Why ENERGY STAR has been successful

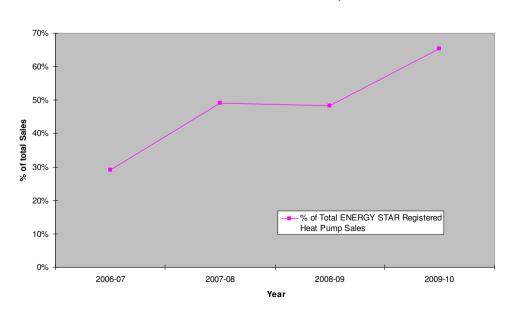
- Independent endorsement of energy efficiency is valuable for both consumers and manufacturers.
- Simple tool for suppliers to differentiate their products.
- Strong partnerships with major industry players.
- Extensive brand use by partners.
- Specific marketing programme by EECA.
- Qualifying criteria for NZ Government clean heat subsidies.



ENERGY STAR achievements

- The percentage of heat pumps models that were registered with the ENERGY STAR program increased from 7% in 2006 to 21% in 2010.
- At the same time sales of ENERGY STAR heat pumps have risen from a market share (sales volume) of 29% to 65% of total sales.

ENERGY STAR Sales of Heat Pumps





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Warm Up New Zealand: Heat Smart

- \$347 million government programme
- 188,500 homes over four years
- 84,000 homes retrofitted already (18months)
- Subsidises ceiling and underfloor insulation, as well as efficient heating options







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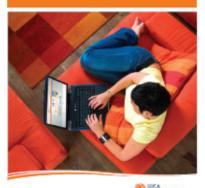


Information channels

- EECA websites
- Energy Spot
- Stores and partner advertising
- Brochures and guides



How to choose a heat pump and use it wisely









The Energy Spot campaign

- 60 second TV ads promoting a variety of energy efficiency messages
- four major TV networks, three nights a week during prime time.
- Thirty different episodes have been produced including efficient heating.

http://www.energywise.govt.nz/energyspot/episode-





Public awareness of labels



77%

95%





Overall achievements

- Heat pump efficiency has improved by more than 20% since 2003
- 2.59 PJs saved since 2004
- Estimated \$147.6 million savings
- Comparative energy labels have 95% consumer recognition.
- Label compliance rate is 99%



Lessons learned

- No "silver bullet" a range of complementary interventions is needed
- Cross support helps, e.g. using ENERGY STAR as a requirement for funding
- Education needs to include use as well as the right choice
- Government and industry have to work together